CHAPTER

REVIEW WORKSHEET

THEORIES OF PERSONALITY

Match the correct term with each description. Write the letter of the term in the space provided. Two terms are not used.

superego oral Sigmund Freud behaviorism trait repression Erik Erikson	i. j.		p. q.	humanistic Gordon Allport collective unconscious Hans Eysenck social learning ego	u.v.w.x.y.z.aa.	Alfred Adler Carl Rogers archetypes agreeableness socialization self-esteem denial	
 1. The patterns of feelings, motives, and behavior that set people apart from one another							
 2. An aspect of personality that is considered to be reasonably stable							
 3. The psychologist who suggested that traits can be inherited and are fixed in the nervous system							
4. The tendency to go along with what other people want.							
 	5. The psychologist who proposed two personality dimensions: introversion-extroversion and stability-instability						
 6. The psycho theory	6. The psychologist who proposed the "inner conflict" approach to personality theory						
 _	_ 7. According to Freud, the structure of the mind that demands instant gratification						
 8. According to Freud, the structure of the mind that demands morality							
	9. Defense mechanism that removes anxiety-causing ideas from conscious awareness by pushing them into the unconscious						
	10. Defense mechanism in which a person refuses to accept the reality of anything that is bad						
 11. According to Freud, the first stage of psychological development							

_ 12. The psychiatrist who proposed the idea of the collective unconscious _____13. A store of human concepts shared by all people across all cultures _____14. Ideas and images of the accumulated experience of all human beings ____15. The psychologist who believed that people are basically motivated by a need to overcome feelings of inferiority __ 16. The psychologist who proposed an eight-stage theory of psychosocial development ___ 17. The personality theory that teaches that environmental forces shape people's behavior 18. The use of reinforcers to influence people to perform socially desirable behaviors ___19. The personality theory that focuses on learning by observation and on the role of cognitive processes that produce individual differences _20. The approach to personality development that maintains that people are free to make conscious choices and are responsible for their choices __21. The psychologist who believed that people wish to reach their full potential but must follow individual paths to do so 22. A view of oneself as an individual _23. The psychologist who developed the self theory, which asserts that people have a need for consistency between their self-concepts and their experiences __24. The belief in oneself, or self-respect

_____25. The process of adapting to a new or different culture

► Review Worksheet (continued)